D	Objective of Programme / Course	Employability	Attainment of
Programme	Outcome	of Programme	Programme / Course
		/ Course	Outcome
Bachelor of Science in Chemistry (Honours)	This programme has been started to understand the chemistry/chemical process in details so that students can understand the chemical processes are in operation in industry and research laboratory or research development (R & D) works.	After completion of this course students can find employment in academia (in schools, Primary, Madhyamik and Higher secondary levels) as well as in chemical industry like: Petroleum refinery, Petrochemicals, Pharmaceuticals, Polymer and Paint Industry and many others.	This programme is a combination of Theoretical and Practical classes. The theoretical classes are held in two ways traditional class room and ICT classes. Practical classes are performed by the students in laboratory technically supported by Teachers and Laboratory attendants.
Courses	UG: Sen	nester I	
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with: (I) Bonding	NA	At the end of SEM-I
101/C-1/T1: Organic Chemistry I	and Physical Properties, (II) General Treatment of Reaction Mechanism I, (III) Stereochemistry-I.		students learn Bonding and Physical Properties, Reaction Mechanism
			and Stereochemistry.
UG/CHEM/ 101/C-1/P1: Organic Chemistry I Lab.	Making students familiar with: (I) Separation Chemistry, (II) Determination of boiling point and (III) Identification of a Pure Organic Compound.	NA	At the end of SEM-I students learn: Separation Chemistry, Determination of boiling point and Identification of a unknown Pure Organic Compound.
UG/CHEM/	Students will understand the basic ideas	NA	A comprehensive
102/C-2:	on the vital topics of physical chemistry		knowledge would
Physical Chemistry I	viz. kinetic theory & Maxwell's speed distribution, laws of thermodynamics & thermochemistry and chemical kinetics & homogeneous catalysis. The students will develop a comparative overview by performing different elementary experiments on chemical kinetics & thermochemistry in this course.		grow in these topics.
UG/CHEM/103/GE-1	Students will understand the Atomic Structure, Chemical Periodicity Acids and Bases, Redox Reactions. and the basic	NA	Expertise in these topics will ensure higher academic

	ideas on the Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry and Aliphatic Hydrocarbons;, Practical of organic qualitative analysis of functional groups and basic inorganic quantitative estimation will be done. UG: Semester II		achievements.
UG/CHEM/ 201/C-3/T3: Inorganic Chemistry I	Extra nuclear Structure of atom: Wave mechanics: Chemical periodicity: Acid-Base reactions: Redox Reactions and precipitation reactions:	NA	At the end of SEM- II students learn Extra nuclear Structure of atom: Wave mechanics: Chemical periodicity: Acid- Base reactions: Redox Reactions and precipitation reactions
UG/CHEM/ 201/C-3/P3: Inorganic Chemistry I Lab.	Making students familiar with: Acid and Base Titrations Oxidation-Reduction Titration	NA	At the end of SEM-II students learn Acid and Base Titrations Oxidation-Reduction Titration. And students will be able to estimate strength of unknown acid and base separately and in a mixture. Also able to estimate the amount of metal ions using Oxidation-Reduction titration.
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with: (I)	NA	At the end of SEM-II
202/C-4/T4: Organic Chemistry II	Stereochemistry-II, (II) General Treatment of Reaction Mechanism II, (III) Substitution and Elimination Reactions,		students learn: Stereochemistry-II, Advanced Reaction Mechanisms: Substitution and Elimination reactions.
UG/CHEM/ 202/C-4/P4: Organic Chemistry II Lab.	Making students familiar with: Preparations of Industrially important Organic Compounds.	NA	At the end of SEM-IIstudentslearn:PreparationsofIndustriallyimportantOrganic Compounds.
UG/CHEM/203/GE-2	Students will be familiar with topics viz. Bonding & Molecular Structure, Comparative Studies of p-Block Elements; States of Matter and Chemical Kinetics. Practical of qualitative inorganic analysis	NA	Acquired subjective proficiency will ensure free roaming in these subjects.

	of fow redicels and Experiments surface		
	of few fadicals and Experiments sufface		
	tension, viscosity & kinetics will be		
	performed.		
	UG: Semester III		
UG/CHEM/	In this section the students will be	NA	An ample
301/C-5:	introduced to the ideas of transport		acquaintance of
Physical Chemistry II	processes of fluids & charge in liquid		knowledge in these
	solutions, applications of thermodynamics		subject will endure
	and introductory quantum mechanics		further understanding
	Experiments of viscosity partition		in high an atu di ag
	Experiments of viscosity, partition		in figher studies.
	coefficient and conductance would		
	enhance their analytical skills.		
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with:	NA	At the end of SEM-III
302/C-6/T6:	Chemical Bonding-I		students learn
Inorganic Chemistry	Chemical Bonding-II		Chemical Bonding-I
I	Radioactivity		Chemical Bonding-II
			Radioactivity
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with:	NA	At the end of SEM-III
302/C-6/P6:	Iodo / Iodimetric Titrations		students learn Iodo /
Inorganic Chemistry	Estimation of metal content in some		Iodimetric titrations
II Lab.	selective samples		Estimation of metal
	1. Estimation of Cu in brass.		content in some
	2. Estimation of Cr and Mn in Steel.		selective samples
	3. Estimation of Fe in cement.		1. Estimation of Cu in
			Drass.
			2. Estimation of CI and Mn in Steel
			3 Estimation of Fe in
			cement
			And students will be
			able to estimate
			able to estillate
			amount of metal and
			non-metal ions using
			lodo / lodimetric
			titrations. and estimate
			titrations. and estimate the metal ions in
			titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and
			titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement.
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7:	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn:
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7: Organic Chemistry	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic Substitution, III) Reactions of Carbonyl and	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn: Chemistry of alkanes,
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7: Organic Chemistry	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic Substitution, III) Reactions of Carbonyl and Related Compounds, (IV) Organometallics,	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn: Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes,
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7: Organic Chemistry III	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic Substitution, III) Reactions of Carbonyl and Related Compounds, (IV) Organometallics, (V).	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn: Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, Aromatic substitution
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7: Organic Chemistry III	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic Substitution, III) Reactions of Carbonyl and Related Compounds, (IV) Organometallics, (V).	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn: Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, Aromatic substitution reactions, Reactions of
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7: Organic Chemistry III	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic Substitution, III) Reactions of Carbonyl and Related Compounds, (IV) Organometallics, (V).	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn: Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, Aromatic substitution reactions, Reactions of carbonyl and related
UG/CHEM/ 303/C-7/T7: Organic Chemistry III	Making students familiar with: (I) Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, II) Aromatic Substitution, III) Reactions of Carbonyl and Related Compounds, (IV) Organometallics, (V).	NA	titrations. and estimate the metal ions in brass, steel and cement. At the end of SEM-III students learn: Chemistry of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, Aromatic substitution reactions, Reactions of carbonyl and related compounds, and

UG/CHEM/304/GE-3	In this section the students will be introduced to Organic Chemistry preparations & reactions of Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Organometallic Compounds, Aryl Halides, Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers & Carbonyl Compounds, Chemical Energetics, Chemical Equilibrium & Conductance. Practical of Identification of a pure organic compound and experiments of preliminary level thermochemistry & conductance will be executed.	NA	An ample acquaintance of knowledge in these subject will endure further understanding in higher studies.
305/SEC-1: Basic Analytical Chemistry	its interdisciplinary nature. Concept of sampling. Importance of accuracy, precision and sources of error in analytical measurements. Presentation of experimental data and results, from the point of view of significant figures. Analysis of soil Analysis of soil Analysis of food products Chromatography Ion-exchange Analysis of cosmetics Suggested Instrumental demonstrations 1. Estimation of macro nutrients: Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium in soil samples by flamephotometry. 2. Spectrophotometric determination of Iron in Vitamin / Dietary Tablets. 3. Spectrophotometric Identification and Determination of Caffeine and Benzoic Acid in Soft Drinks		students learn accuracy, precision and sources of error in analytical measurements. Presentation of experimental data and results, from the point of view of significant figures. Analysis of soil Analysis of soil Analysis of soid products Chromatography Ion-exchange Analysis of cosmetics. Estimation of macro nutrients: Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium in soil samples by flamephotometry. Spectrophotometric determination of Iron in Vitamin / Dietary Tablets. Spectrophotometric Identification and Determination of Caffeine and Benzoic Acid in Soft Drinks
	UG: Semester IV		
UG/CHEM/ 401/C-8:	This portion of the course will enlighten them with more advanced level of	NA	Acquiredsubjectiveproficiencywill

Physical Chemistry	physical chemistry viz. applications of		ensure free roaming in
III	thermodynamics on colligative properties,		these subjects.
	equilibrium. electrical Properties of		
	molecules and quantum chemistry. To		
	substantiate their theoretical knowledge,		
	experiments on solubility product, EMF,		
	phase equilibrium and ionic effect on		
	of these theories.		
UG/CHEM/	General Principles of Metallurgy	NA	At the end of SEM-IV
402/C-9/T9:	Chemistry of s and p Block Elements		students learn General
Inorganic Chemistry	Inorganic Polymers		Metallurgy Of
111	Coordination Chemistry-I		Chemistry of s and p
			Block Elements
			Inorganic Polymers
			Coordination
			Chemistry-I
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with:	NA	At the end of SEM-IV
402/C-9/P9: Inorganic Chomistry	Inorganic preparations		Complexometric
III Lab.			titration
			Inorganic
			And students will be
			able to estimate
			amount of metal ions
			individually and in a
			mixture using
			titrations. Also able to
			prepare some
			inorganic salts like
			complex, double salts.
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with: (I) Nitrogen	NA	At the end of SEM-IV
403/C-10/110: Organic Chemistry	(III) The Logic of Organic Synthesis, (IV)		compounds,
IV	Organic molecular Spectroscopy, and		Rearrangement
	Applications of IR, UV and NMR		reactions, The Logic of
	spectroscopy for identification of simple		organic synthesis, Organic molecular
	organie molecules.		Spectroscopy and
			Applications of IR, UV
			and NMR spectroscopy
			ior identification of simple
			molecules.

UG/CHEM/ 403/C-10/P10:	Making students familiar with: (I) Estimation of glycine by Sörensen's formol method, 2. Estimation of glucose by titration using	NA	At the end of SEM-IV students learn:
Organic Chemistry IV Lab.	 Fehling's solution, 3. Estimation of sucrose by titration using Fehling's solution, 4. Estimation of vitamin-C (reduced), 5. Estimation of aromatic amine (aniline) by bromination (Bromate-Bromide) method, 6. Estimation of phenol by bromination (Bromate-Bromide) method, 7. Estimation of formaldehyde (Formalin), 8. Estimation of acetic acid in commercial vinegar, 9. Estimation of urea (hypobromite method), 10. Estimation of saponification value of oil/fat/ester. 		of organic compounds in solutions. These experiments are important for pathological determination of sugars in blood and urine. Estimation of phenolic and aniline impurities in water.
UG/CHEM./404/GE-4	In this section the students will be introduced to Organic Chemistry preparations & reactions of Carboxylic Acids and Their Derivatives, Amines and Diazonium Salts, Amino Acids and Carbohydrates and Coordination Chemistry and Transition Metal Chemistry, Analytical & Industrial Chemistry. Practical of simple organic and inorganic preparations and gravimetric and complexometric estimation of metals ions will be done.	NA	An ample acquaintance of knowledge in these subject will endure further understanding in higher studies.
UG/CHEM/ 405/SEC-2: Pharmaceutical Chemistry	To empower the students with sound knowledge of drug discovery, design and development; Basic Retrosynthetic approach. Synthesis of therepresentative drugs of the following classes: analgesics agents, antipyretic agents, antipyretic agents, antipyretic); antipyretic agents, antipyretic); antibiotics (Chloramphenicol);antibacterial and antifungal agents (Sulphonamides; Sulphanethoxazol, Sulphacetamide,Trimethoprim); antiviral agents (Acyclovir), Central Nervous System agents (Phenobarbital,Diazepam),Cardiovascular (Glyceryl trinitrate), antilaprosy (Dapsone), HIV-AIDS relateddrugs (AZT- Zidovudine). Fermentation Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of (i) Ethyl alcohol and citric acid, (ii) Antibiotics; Penicillin, Cephalosporin, Chloromycetin and	NA	At the end of this course students will be able to prepare and characterized the drugs such as: Analgesics and antipyretic agents, anti-inflammatory agents like Aspirin, paracetamol, lbuprofen and antibiotics Chloramphenicol. The antibacterial and antifungal agents such as: Sulphonamides; Sulpha-nethoxazol, Sulphacetamide, Trimethoprim. They acquire knowledge of antiviral agents: Acyclovir as well as Central Nervous

	Streptomycin, (iii) Lysine, Glutamic acid, Vitamin-B2, Vitamin-B12 and Vitamin C.		System agents : Phenobarbital, Diazepam. Similarly, they have basic idea of Cardiovascular (Glyceryl trinitrate), antilaprosy (Dapsone), HIV-AIDS related drugs (AZT- Zidovudine). Thus, students will be fit for the employment in the pharmaceutical industry or in R & D as chemists.
	UG: Semester V		
UG/CHEM/ 501/C-11/T11: Inorganic Chemistry IV	Coordination Chemistry-II Chemistry of d- and f- block elementsTransition Elements Lanthanoids and Actinoids	NA	At the end of SEM-V students learn Coordination Chemistry-II Chemistry of d- and f- block elementsTransition Elements Lanthanoids and Actinoids
UG/CHEM/ 501/C-11/P11: Inorganic Chemistry IV Lab.	Making students familiar with: Chromatography of metal ions Gravimetry Spectrophotometry	NA	At the end of SEM-V students learn Chromatography of metal ions Gravimetry Spectrophotometry And students will be able to separate metal ions by Paper chromatography. Able to estimate metal and non-metak ions by gravimetric and sepectrophotomeric method.
UG/CHEM/ 502/C-12/T12: Organic Chemistry V	Making students familiar with: (I) Carbocycles: Polynuclear hydrocarbons and their derivatives: synthetic methods and chemical properties and (II) Heterocycles: Heterocyclic compounds: 5- and 6-membered rings with one heteroatom; reactivity, orientation and important reactions (with mechanism) of furan, pyrrole, thiophene and pyridine, (III) Cyclic Stereochemistry	NA	At the end of SEM-V students learn: Polynuclear hydrocarbons and their derivatives: synthetic methods and chemical properties, chemistry of hetero-cyclic compounds: 5- and 6-

	 including substitution elimination and rearrangement reactions, (IV) Pericyclic reactions (with reaction mechanism and stereochemistry). (V) Carbohydrates: Monosaccharides: Aldoses up to 6 carbons; structure of D-glucose & D-fructose (configuration & conformation); ring structure of mono-saccharides (furanose and pyranose forms), (VI) Chemistry of Disaccharides and Polysaccharides, (VII) Biomolecules: Amino acids: synthesis and properties with mechanistic details. 		membered rings with one hetero-atom; reactivity, orientation and important reactions (with mechanism) of furan, pyrrole, thio- phene and Pyridine, and Cyclic stereochemistry including substitution elimination and rearrangement reactions. Pericyclic reactions (with reaction mechanism and stereochemistry). Not only the above but also students will learn the chemistry of natural products like: mono-, di- , polysaccharides, and bio-molecules
			aminoacids
UG/CHEM/ 502/C-12/P12: Organic Chemistry V Lab.	 Making students familiar with: Methods of Chromatographic Separations Like: 1. TLC separation of a mixture containing 2/3 amino acids, 2. TLC separation of a mixture of dyes (fluorescein and methylene blue), 3. Column chromatographic separation of leaf pigments from spinach leaves, 4. Column chromatographic separation of mixture of dyes, 5. Paper chromatographic separation of a mixture containing 2/3 amino acids, 6. Paper chromatographic separation of a mixture containing 2/3 sugars. Spectroscopic Analysis of Organic Compounds: Analysis IR and ¹H-NMR of 30 industrially important organic compounds. 	NA	At the end of SEM-V students learn: Methods of separation of a mixture of two organic compounds by Column, Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) and Paper Chromatography (PC). Not only that students will be able to analyse the unknown organic compounds using non- destructive tests of organic of compounds like IR, ¹ H-NMR spectroscopy, which is important for industrial and quality controlled purpose in pharmaceutical industry. The methods are also very much applicable for new product
UG/CHEM/ 503/DSE-1: Advanced Physical Chemistry	In this module number of essential topic of physical chemistry viz. crystal structure, statistical thermodynamics, specific heat of solids, physical chemistry of polymers etc. will be discussed to ease their accessibility. Practicals of computer	NA	developments in R & D. Expertise in these topics will ensure higher academic achievements.

	Programming based on some numerical methods (e.g. roots of equations, numerical differentiation, numerical integrations etc.) using computers will develop their interactive skills with computers		
	Maling students famili 'd (NT A	
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with: (1)	NA	At the end of SEM-V
504/DSE-2:	Introduction to Green Chemistry (II)		students learn: The
Green Chemistry	Principles of Green Chemistry and Designing		twelve Principles of
	a Chemical synthesis, (III) Examples of Green		Green Chemistry,
	Synthesis/ Reactions and some real world		Applications of
	cases, (IV) Future Trends in Green Chemistry		Chemistry in designing
			a chemical synthesis,
			Some examples of green
			synthesis/ Reactions and
			some real world cases,
			and future trends in
	Making students familiar with Safar starting	ΝA	green chemistry.
UG/CHEM/ 504/DSE 2.	materials:		At the end of SEM-V
504/DSE-2:	1. Preparation and characterization of		students will be able to
Green Chemistry	nanoparticles of gold using tea leaves.		characterized the nano-
Lab.	Using renewable resources:		particles.
	2. Preparation of biodiesel from vegetable/		They can prepare and
	Avoiding waste:		characterized the
	Principle of atom economy.		biodiesel. They will be
	3. Preparation of propene by two methods can		able to use of
	be studied		biocatalysts in different
	4. Internylamine ion + OH- \rightarrow propene + trimethyl propene + water		area of chemical
	5. Other types of reactions: like addition.		
	elimination, substitution and rearrange-ment		Finally, they will be
	should also be studied for the calculation of		able to carry out
	atom economy.		microwave and photo
	6. Use of enzymes as catalysts: Benzoin		reactions
	as a catalyst instead of cyanide.		reactions.
	7. Mechano-chemical solvent free synthesis of		
	azomethines		
	8. Alternative sources of energy:		
	a) Solvent free, microwave assisted one pot synthesis of phthalocyanine complex of		
	copper (II).		
	b) Photoreduction of benzophenone to		
	benzopinacol in the presence of sunlight.		
	UG: Semester VI		
UG/CHEM/	Bioinorganic Chemistry	NA	
601/C-13/T13:	Organometallic Chemistry		
Inorganic Chemistry	Catalysis by Organometallic Compounds		
V	Reaction Kinetics and Mechanism		
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with Oualitative	NA	
		1111	

Inorganic Chemistry			
V Lab.			
UG/CHEM/ 602/C-14:	In this unit the students will be introduced to the physical concepts of molecular	NA	Aptitude in these frontier topics would
IV	spectroscopy such as rotational spectroscopy, vibrational spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, NMR spectroscopy & ESR spectroscopy, fundamental level of photochemistry and surface phenomenon e.g. surface tension, adsorption & properties of colloids. To compare their theoretical learning few experiments on surface phenomenon & spectrophotometry will be executed.		field of research.
UG/CHEM/ 603/DSE-3: Analytical Methods in Chemistry	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis Optical methods of analysis Thermal methods of analysis Electroanalytical methods Separation techniques	Students will be eligible for Employment in academia and industry	At the end of SEM-V students learn Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis Optical methods of analysis Thermal methods of analysis Electroanalytical methods Separation techniques
UG/CHEM/ 603/DSE-3: Analytical Methods in Chemistry Lab.	Making students familiar with Separation Techniques – Chromatography Solvent Extractions 2. Analysis of soil: 3. Ion exchange: Determination of exchange capacity of cation exchange resins and anion exchange resins. Spectrophotometry	Students will be eligible for Employment in academia and industry	At the end of SEM-V students learn Separation Techniques – Chromatography Solvent Extractions 2. Analysis of soil: 3. Ion exchange: Determination of exchange capacity of cation exchange resins and anion exchange resins. Spectrophotometry And students will be able to separate metal ions by Paper chromatography, TLC and bu solvent extraction. Able to estimate substances by sepectrophotomeric method.
UG/CHEM/	Making students familiar with:	Students will be	

604/DSE-4:	(I) Introduction and history of polymeric	eligible for	
	(1) Infoduction and instory of polymetic	Employment in	
Polymer Chemistry	(II) Europionality and its importance:		
	(III) Kinetics of Polymerization:		
	(IV) Crystallization and crystallinity.	industry	
	(V) Nature and structure of polymers:		
	(VI) Determination of molecular weight of		
	polymers;		
	(VII) Glass transition temperature (Tg) and		
	determination of Tg;		
	(VIII) Polymer Solution		
	(VIII) Properties of Polymer;		
UG/CHEM/	For making students familiar with handle of	Students will be	At the end of SEM-VI
604/DSE-4:	polymers:	eligible for	students will be able to
Polymer Chemistry	Polymer Synthesis:	Employment in	handle polymers in
I ab	1. Free radical solution polymerization of	academic world	industry, like Rubber
Lau.	Styrene (St) / Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) /	and industries.	industry/Tyre industry,
	2 Purification of monomer		Footwear industry, Paint
	3. Polymerization using benzovl perovide		industry, etc.
	(BPO) / 2.2'-azo-bis-isobutylonitrile (AIBN).		
	4. Preparation of nylon 66/6		
	5. Interfacial polymerization: preparation of		
	polyester from isophthaloyl chloride (IPC) and		
	phenolphthalein.		
	6. Redox polymerization of acrylamide		
	7. Precipitation polymerization of acrylonitrile		
	8. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde resin		
	9. Preparations of novalac resin/ resold resin.		Thus at the and of the
	10. Microscale Emulsion Polymerization of Delay(methode and etc.)		lasming of organic
	Poly(methylacrylate).		learning of organic
	1 Determination of molecular weight by		chemistry course, B. Sc.
	viscometry.		(Honours) students will
	a. Polyacrylamide-aq.NaNO ₂ solution		be fit for the work in
	b. (Poly vinyl proplylidine (PVP) in water		academic world as well
	2. Determination of the viscosity-average		as in various chemical
	molecular weight ofpoly(vinyl alcohol)		industries as chemists
	(PVOH)		and analysts as
	and the fraction of "head-to-head" monomer		mentioned earlier.
	linkages in the polymer.		
	3. Determination of molecular weight by end		
	(OU group)		
	4 Testing of mechanical properties of		
	nolymers		
	5. Determination of hydroxyl number of a		
	polymer using colorimetric method.		
	Polymer analysis:		
	Estimation of the amount of HCHO in the		
	given solution by sodium sulphite method:		
	2. Instrumental Techniques		
	3. IR studies of polymers		
	4. DSC analysis of polymers.		

Programme / Cou	irse Outcome		
Programme	Objective of Programme / Course Outcome	Employability of Programme / Course	Attainment of Programme / Course Outcome
Bachelor of Science in Chemistry (Programme)	This programme has been started to understand the chemistry/chemical process in details so that students can understand the chemical processes are in operation in industry and research laboratory or research development (R & D) works.	After completion of this course students can find employment in academia (in schools, Primary, Madhyamik and Higher secondary levels) as well as in chemical industry like: Petroleum refinery, Petrochemicals, Pharmaceuticals, Pharmaceuticals, Polymer and Paint Industry and many others.	This programme is a combination of Theoretical and Practical classes. The theoretical classes are held in two ways traditional class room and ICT classes. Practical classes are performed by the students in laboratory technically supported by Teachers and Laboratory attendants.
Courses	UG	: Semester I	
UGP/CHEM/101/C-1A	Students will understand the basic ideas on the Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry and Aliphatic Hydrocarbons; Atomic Structure, Chemical Periodicity, Acids and Bases, Redox Reactions. Practical of organic qualitative analysis of functional groups and basic inorganic quantitative estimation will be done.	NA	Expertise in these topics will ensure higher academic achievements.
	UG: Semester II		
UGP/CHEM/201/C-1B	Students will be familiar with topics viz. Bonding & Molecular Structure, Comparative Studies of p-Block Elements; States of Matter and Chemical Kinetics. Practical of qualitative inorganic analysis of few radicals and Experiments surface tension, viscosity & kinetics will be performed.	NA	Acquired subjective proficiency will ensure free roaming in these subjects.
	UG: Semester III	[-
UGP/CHEM/301/C-1C	In this section the students will be introduced to Organic Chemistry preparations & reactions of Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Organometallic Compounds, Aryl Halides, Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers & Carbonyl	NA	An ample acquaintance of knowledge in these subject will endure further understanding in higher studies.

r				
	Compounds, Chemical Energetics,			
	Chemical Equilibrium &			
	Conductance. Practical of			
	Identification of a pure organic			
	compound and experiments of			
	preliminary level thermochemistry &			
	conductance will be executed.			
UGP/S.C/304/ SEC-1:	Students will comprehend the basic	NA	Aptitude in these	
Basic Analytical	ideas on the concepts of Basic		topics would be	
Chemistry	Analytical Chemistry and Analysis of		advantageous in the	
	soil. Analysis of water. Analysis of		field of research.	
	food products. Chromatography			
	(paper TLC ion exchange) Analysis			
	of cosmetics			
	UG: Semester IV			
UCD/CHEM /401/C 1D	In this section the students will be	NT A	A.u	
UGP/CILIVI./401/C-1D	In this section the students will be	INA	An ample	
	introduced to Organic Chemistry		acquaintance of	
	preparations & reactions of		knowledge in these	
	Carboxylic Acids and Their		subject will endure	
	Derivatives, Amines and Diazonium		further understanding	
	Salts, Amino Acids and		in higher studies.	
	Carbohydrates and Coordination			
	Chemistry and Transition Metal			
	Chemistry, Analytical & Industrial			
	Chemistry. Practical of simple			
	organic and inorganic preparations			
	and gravimetric and complexometric			
	estimation of metals ions will be			
	done.			
UGP/S.C./404/ SEC-2:	Students will be familiar with the	NA	A comprehensive	
Pharmaceutical	synthesis of drugs & pharmaceuticals		knowledge would	
Chemistry	of the following classes viz.		grow in these topics.	
	analgesics agents, antipyretic agents,			
	anti- inflammatory agents, antibiotics,			
	antibacterial, antifungal agents,			
	antiviral agents, Cardiovascular,			
	antilaprosy, HIV-AIDS related drugs			
	and Aerobic and anaerobic			
	fermentation of organic compounds.			
UG: Semester V				
UGP/CHEM./501/DSE-	Students will grasp the basic ideas on	NA	Acquired subjective	
1A: Green Chemistry	Principles of Green Chemistry & its		proficiency will	
	chemical synthesis and Future Trends		ensure free roaming in	
	in Green Chemistry Experiments of		these subjects	
	green chemistry synthesis will no			
	performed			
	periorinea.			

UGP/S.C./504/SEC-3:	In this section the students will be	NA	Expertise in these	
IT Skill for Chemists	introduced to the mathematics behind		topics will ensure	
	physical chemistry viz. functions,		higher academic	
	Statistical treatment of data,		achievements.	
	Numerical methods of finding roots,			
	numerical differentiation, Numerical			
	integration etc. and basic Computer			
	fundamentals & BASIC computer			
	programming.			
UG: Semester VI				
UGP/CHEM./601/DSE-	In this section students would be	NA	Aptitude in these	
1B: Polymer Chemistry	familiarized with the chemical &		frontier topics would	
	physical properties of polymers and		be advantageous in the	
	Brief introduction to preparation,		field of research.	
	structure, properties and application			
	of the few of them. Practical of few			
	polymer synthesis, characterization &			
	analysis will be done.			
UGP/S.C./ 604/SEC-4:	In this course students will be	NA	A comprehensive	
Analytical Clinical	enlightened with the clinical		knowledge would	
Biochemistry	biochemical approach towards		grow in these topics.	
	important bio-entities like			
	carbohydrates, proteins, enzymes,			
	lipids, DNA & RNA and diagnosis of			
	disease by blood/urine analysis.			